

Part 1 : Standard Format Capital Disclosures Basel III

in million rupiah

No	Component	Bank	Consolidated	No. Ref.
<b>Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves</b>				
1	Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus	11,068,798	11,059,285	
2	Retained earnings	16,019,421	18,905,712	
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)	931,693	970,403	
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)	N/A	N/A	
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)	-	-	
6	<b>Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments</b>	<b>28,019,912</b>	<b>30,935,400</b>	
<b>Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments</b>				
7	Prudential valuation adjustments	-	-	
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)	-	(61,116)	
9	Other intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	(877,175)	(979,483)	
10	Deferred tax assets that rely on future profitability excluding those arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	N/A	N/A	
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve	N/A	N/A	
12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses	N/A	N/A	
13	Securitisation gain on sale (as set out in paragraph 562 of Basel II framework)	-	-	
14	Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities	-	-	
15	Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	N/A	N/A	
16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid-in capital on reported balance sheet)	N/A	N/A	
17	Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity	-	-	
18	Investments in the capital of Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold)	N/A	N/A	
19	Significant investments in the common stock of Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold)	N/A	N/A	
20	Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold)	-	-	
21	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability)	N/A	N/A	
22	Amount exceeding the 15% threshold	N/A	N/A	
23	of which: significant investments in the common stock of financials	N/A	N/A	
24	of which: mortgage servicing rights	N/A	N/A	
25	of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences	N/A	N/A	
26	National specific regulatory adjustments	(1,554,360)	(467,885)	
26.a	Difference between PPA and CKPN	-	-	
26.b	PPA from non-productive assets	-	-	
26.c	Deferred tax assets	(271,398)	(467,885)	
26.d	Investments	(1,282,962)	-	
26.e	Capital shortfall in insurance subsidiary	-	-	
26.f	Securitisation exposure	-	-	
26.g	Others	-	-	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	-	
28	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity Tier 1</b>	<b>(2,431,535)</b>	<b>(1,508,484)</b>	
29	<b>Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)</b>	<b>25,588,377</b>	<b>29,426,916</b>	
<b>Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments</b>				
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1 instruments plus related stock surplus	-	-	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable accounting standards	-	-	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under applicable accounting standards	-	-	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Additional Tier 1	N/A	N/A	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1 instruments not included in row 5) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group AT1)	-	-	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	N/A	N/A	
36	<b>Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory adjustments</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
<b>Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjustments</b>				
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1 instruments	N/A	N/A	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1 instruments	-	-	
39	Investments in the capital of Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold)	N/A	N/A	
40	Significant investments in the capital of Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	N/A	N/A	
41	National specific regulatory adjustments	-	-	
41.a	Investments in AT1 instruments in other banks	-	-	
42	Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	-	
43	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
44	<b>Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) Jumlah AT 1 after regulatory adjustments</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	
45	<b>Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1)</b>	<b>25,588,377</b>	<b>29,426,916</b>	
<b>Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions</b>				
46	Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments plus related stock surplus	-	-	
47	Directly issued capital instruments subject to phase out from Tier 2	N/A	N/A	
48	Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1 instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group Tier 2)	5,522,821	5,522,821	
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries subject to phase out	N/A	N/A	
50	Provisions	1,340,025	1,397,575	
51	<b>Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments</b>	<b>6,862,846</b>	<b>6,920,396</b>	

No	Component	Bank	Consolidated	No. Ref.
<b>Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjustments</b>				
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments	N/A	N/A	
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	-	-	
54	Investments in the capital of Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the Bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)	N/A	N/A	
55	Significant investments in the capital Banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions)	N/A	N/A	
56	National specific regulatory adjustments	-	-	
56.a	Sinking fund	-	-	
56.b	Investments in Tier 2 instruments in other banks	-	-	
57	<b>Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital</b>	-	-	
58	<b>Tier 2 capital (T2)</b>	<b>6,862,846</b>	<b>6,920,396</b>	
59	<b>Total capital (TC = T1 + T2)</b>	<b>32,451,223</b>	<b>36,347,312</b>	
60	<b>Total risk weighted assets</b>	<b>128,849,595</b>	<b>142,253,917</b>	
<b>Capital ratios and buffers</b>				
61	<b>Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)</b>	<b>19.86%</b>	<b>20.69%</b>	
62	<b>Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)</b>	<b>19.86%</b>	<b>20.69%</b>	
63	<b>Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)</b>	<b>25.19%</b>	<b>25.55%</b>	
64	<b>Institution specific buffer requirement (minimum CET1 requirement plus capital conservation buffer plus countercyclical buffer requirements plus G-SIB buffer requirement, expressed as a percentage of risk weighted assets)</b>	<b>5.50%</b>	<b>5.50%</b>	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer requirement	0.00%	0.00%	
66	of which: Bank specific countercyclical buffer requirement	0.00%	0.00%	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	1.00%	1.00%	
68	<b>Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)</b>	<b>13.86%</b>	<b>14.69%</b>	
<b>National minima (if different from Basel 3)</b>				
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel 3 minimum)	N/A	N/A	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from Basel 3 minimum)	N/A	N/A	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if different from Basel 3 minimum)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Amounts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk weighting)</b>				
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of other financials	N/A	N/A	
73	Significant investments in the common stock of financials	N/A	N/A	
74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax liability)	N/A	N/A	
75	Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability)	N/A	N/A	
<b>Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2</b>				
76	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap)	N/A	N/A	
77	Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach	N/A	N/A	
78	Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap)	N/A	N/A	
79	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach	N/A	N/A	
<b>Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between 1 Jan 2018 and 1 Jan 2020)</b>				
80	Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	N/A	N/A	
81	Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	-	-	
82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	N/A	N/A	
83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	N/A	N/A	
84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	N/A	N/A	
85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities)	N/A	N/A	

Capital Disclosures  
31 December 2020



Part 2 : Capital Reconciliation

in million rupiah

POSTS	Balance Sheet	Consolidated Balance Sheet with Prudential Principle
<b>ASSET</b>		
1. Cash	1,323,222	2,433,196
2. Placements with Bank Indonesia	19,592,514	22,571,836
3. Placements with other banks	894,072	896,568
4. Spot and derivative / forward receivables	917,082	917,082
5. Securities	12,201,417	14,804,656
6. Securities sold under repurchase agreements (repo)	-	-
7. Claims from securities purchased under resale agreements (reverse repo)	-	-
8. Acceptance receivables	1,490,634	1,490,634
9. Loans	126,689,753	126,689,753
10. Sharia financing/receivables	-	9,522,866
11. Equity Investments	1,305,484	22,522
12. Other financial asset	803,827	961,550
13. Impairment on financial assets -/-	(2,579,318)	(3,428,808)
a. Securities	(291)	(291)
b. Loans and Sharia financing	(2,572,835)	(3,422,325)
c. Others	(6,192)	(6,192)
14. Intangible assets	2,281,920	2,528,427
Accumulated amortization of intangible assets -/-	(1,404,745)	(1,487,828)
15. Fixed assets and equipment	4,068,493	4,883,148
Accumulated depreciation on fixed assets and equipment -/-	(2,042,622)	(2,525,161)
16. Non-productive assets	19,202	19,202
a. Abandoned properties	-	-
b. Foreclosed assets	19,190	19,190
c. Suspense accounts	12	12
d. Interbranch assets	-	-
17. Other assets	2,617,109	2,866,335
<b>TOTAL ASSET</b>	<b>168,178,044</b>	<b>183,165,978</b>
<b>LIABILITY AND EQUITY</b>		
<b>LIABILITY</b>		
1. Demand deposits	15,709,755	15,760,708
2. Saving deposits	9,955,853	11,929,298
3. Time deposits	65,342,817	73,098,900
4. Electronic money	-	-
5. Liabilities to Bank Indonesia	-	-
6. Liabilities to other banks	6,575,274	6,549,336
7. Spot and derivative / forward liabilities	887,157	887,157
8. Securities sold under repurchase agreements (repo)	-	-
9. Acceptance liabilities	767,282	767,282
10. Securities issued	993,045	993,045
11. Borrowings	37,176,039	37,176,039
12. Margin deposits	-	-
13. Interbranch liabilities	-	-
14. Other liabilities	2,462,971	3,039,460
15. Minority Interest	-	1,749,037
<b>TOTAL LIABILITY</b>	<b>139,870,193</b>	<b>151,950,262</b>
<b>EQUITY</b>		
16. Issued and fully paid-in capital	161,075	161,075
a. Authorized capital	300,000	300,000
b. Unpaid capital -/-	(137,021)	(137,021)
c. Treasury stock -/-	(1,904)	(1,904)
17. Additional paid-in capital	11,168,524	11,134,744
a. <i>Agio</i>	10,907,723	10,898,210
b. <i>Disagio</i> -/-	-	-
c. Fund for paid up capital	-	-
d. Others	260,801	236,534
18. Other comprehensive income	926,235	946,589
a. Profit	926,235	946,589
b. Loss -/-	-	-
19. Reserves	32,596	67,596
a. General reserves	32,596	67,596
b. Appropriate reserves	-	-
20. Profit/loss	16,019,421	18,905,712
a. Previous years	14,625,691	17,156,419
b. Current year	1,393,730	1,749,293
c. Payable dividend -/-	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OWNERS OF PARENTS	28,307,851	31,215,716
<b>TOTAL EQUITY</b>	<b>28,307,851</b>	<b>31,215,716</b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITY AND EQUITY</b>	<b>168,178,044</b>	<b>183,165,978</b>

Part 3 : Disclosure of Capital Instruments Features

Disclosure of Capital Instruments Features					
No	Questions	Bank		Consolidate	
		Capital	Subordinated Loan	Capital	Subordinated Loan
1	Publisher	PT Bank BTPN, Tbk.	SMBC	PT Bank BTPN, Tbk.	SMBC
2	Identification Number	ISIN : 101000118508	N/A	ISIN : 101000118508	N/A
3	Law	Indonesian Law	Indonesian Law	Indonesian Law	Indonesian Law
	Instruments that reliable having liability to held on section 13 from TLAC term sheet achieved				
	Instruments treatment based on KPMM				
4	During the period	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	After the period	CET1	T2	CET1	T2
6	Is it eligible to Individual/Consolidation or Consolidation and Individual	Individual	Individual	Individual	Individual
7	Type of Instrument	Common Stock	Subordinated Loan	Common Stock	Subordinated Loan
8	Amount recognized in KPMM calculation	11,068,798	5,522,821	11,059,285	5,522,821
9	Par value from the instrument	162,979	-	162,979	-
10	Classification based on Financial Accounting Standards	Equity	Liabilitas - Amortised Cost	Equity	Liabilitas - Amortised Cost
11	Published date	-	27 Mar 2003 (USD 50 mio), 5 Sep 2008 (USD 35 mio), 24 Dec 2013 (USD 150 mio), 26 Sep 2018 (USD 100 mio), & 23 Nov 2018 (USD 100 mio)	-	27 Mar 2003 (USD 50 mio), 5 Sep 2008 (USD 35 mio), 24 Dec 2013 (USD 150 mio), 26 Sep 2018 (USD 100 mio), & 23 Nov 2018 (USD 100 mio)
12	without maturity date (perpetual) or with maturity date	Perpetual	With Maturity Date	Perpetual	With Maturity Date
13	Maturity date	-	27 Mar 2025, 26 Sep 2025, & 21 Nov 2025	-	27 Mar 2025, 26 Sep 2025, & 21 Nov 2025
14	Call Option execution from the approval of Otoritas Jasa Keuangan	No	No	No	No
15	Call optiondate, disbursed amount and other call option requirements (if any)	-	N/A	-	N/A
16	Subsequent call option	-	N/A	-	N/A
	Coupon/dividen	-	-	-	-
17	Dividend / Coupon with Fixed Interest or floating	-	N/A	-	N/A
18	The level of the coupon rate or other index be the reference	-	N/A	-	N/A
19	Whether or not the dividend stopper	-	N/A	-	N/A
20	Fully discretionary; partial or mandatory	-	N/A	-	N/A
21	Is there a step-up feature or other incentives	-	N/A	-	N/A
22	Noncumulative or cumulative.	-	N/A	-	N/A
23	Convertible atau non-convertible	Non Convertible	In the Subordinated Loan, there is an option to do a Conversion / Write Down, which will be proposed to the Creditors through an Action Plan when the trigger event occurs and will be submitted to the OJK	Non Convertible	In the Subordinated Loan, there is an option to do a Conversion / Write Down, which will be proposed to the Creditors through an Action Plan when the trigger event occurs and will be submitted to the OJK
24	If converted, specify a trigger point.	-	The CET1 ratio is lower or equal to 5.125% of RWA	-	The CET1 ratio is lower or equal to 5.125% of RWA
25	If converted, whole or in part	-	N/A	-	N/A
26	If converted, how the conversion rate	-	N/A	-	N/A
27	If converted, whether mandatory or optional	-	N/A	-	N/A
28	If converted, specify the type of instrument conversion	-	N/A	-	N/A
29	If converted, specify the issuer of the instrument converts it into	-	N/A	-	N/A
30	Write-down Features	No	In the Subordinated Loan, there is an option to do a Conversion / Write Down, which will be proposed to the Creditors through an Action Plan when the trigger event occurs and will be submitted to the OJK	No	In the Subordinated Loan, there is an option to do a Conversion / Write Down, which will be proposed to the Creditors through an Action Plan when the trigger event occurs and will be submitted to the OJK
31	If the write- down, specify trigger its	-	The CET1 ratio is lower or equal to 5.125% of RWA	-	The CET1 ratio is lower or equal to 5.125% of RWA
32	If the write-down, full or partial	-	N/A	-	N/A
33	If the write-down, permanent or temporary	-	N/A	-	N/A
34	If the temporary write- down, explain mekanisme write- up	-	N/A	-	N/A
35	Hierarchy of instruments at the time of liquidation	-	After the debt being paid to the creditor	-	After the debt being paid to the creditor
36	Whether the transition to features that are non - compliant	No	N/A	No	N/A
37	If yes , explain the features of non -complaint	-	N/A	-	N/A

**Part 4: Qualitative Disclosures Regarding Capital Structure and Capital Adequacy**

**Qualitative Analysis**

**A. Capital Structure**

In general, the capital component is dominated by permanent capital. The core capital is the largest element of the Bank's capital. In December 2020, the total capital ratio position against ATMR was at 25.55% (consolidated). This ratio stands far above the minimum CAR requirement set by the Financial Services Authority for Banks with a risk profile rating 2, namely 9% to less than 10%. The Bank will also continue to strive to maintain CAR at a healthy level.

The Bank's consolidated capital structure is dominated by the core capital (81.0% of Bank BTPN's total consolidated capital). This capital consists of paid-up capital, additional paid-in capital and retained earnings.

The Bank continues to conduct assessment to strengthen the level of capital according to needs if market conditions are conducive.

The sources of capital that are expected to be pursued by the Bank to realize the capital plan or meet the Bank's capital needs are from Retained Earnings and additional capital from shareholders, either through a right issue or a public offering. The accumulation of Retained Earnings is affected by the amount of dividends paid by the Bank to shareholders which is decided in the General Meeting of Shareholders. In determining dividend payments, the Bank always considers capital adequacy, both in terms of fulfillment of CAR and fulfillment of LLL in accordance with plans for future credit growth. Bank capital is projected to increase in line with accumulated profits.

**B. Capital Adequacy**

The management uses the capital ratio standards to monitor capital adequacy in accordance with the industry standards. OJK's approach to capital measurement is mainly based on the monitoring of the level of required capital (measured at 8.0% of the risk-based weighted assets) against available capital and also the Bank continuously apply the Internal Capital Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) in accordance with prevailing regulations. This is related to establishing capital adequacy in accordance with the Bank's risk profile. This process is carried out to improve the Bank's effectiveness in risk management.

The Bank uses the standardized approach in capital management of credit risk. The calculation of the Risk-Weighted Asset (RWA) is generally performed by referring to the risk weight in accordance with OJK regulations and the rating published by rating agencies designated by regulator.

In line with currently prevailing BI and OJK regulations, the Bank measures its capital adequacy for operational risk by using the Basic Indicator Approach method. Based on this method, the Bank allocates a minimum capital for operational risk based on historical data, which is the same as the average amount of annual gross income for the last 3 years (positive) multiplied by the current applicable alpha coefficient of 15%.

In managing market risk, the Bank uses the standardized method in calculating RWA for Market Risk.

The Bank's management has a good understanding of managing its capital and views the capital planning as an important element to establishing the Bank's strategic objectives by analyzing the Bank's present and future capital adequacy through strategic planning process. This is shown by maintaining the Bank's performance through continuous monitoring on the quality of risk management, periodical audit by the Internal Audit Work Unit, adequate policy on dividend disbursement as well as the management's commitment on the Bank's strategies and targets as disclosed in the Bank's Business Plan.

The Bank's capital ratio is rated as very good, namely above the requirements set forth by Bank Indonesia. The trend in capital growth based on the Bank's Business Plan (BBP) also shows its capability to support the Bank's future business expansion.

Likewise, if associated with the incentive for the Statutory Reserve Requirements (GWM) for Macroprudential Intermediation Ratio (RIM). The Bank's Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR) level meets the minimum OJK requirement of 8.0%-14.0%. In accordance with the self-assessment result of the Bank's risk profile, the CAR position required according to the Bank's Consolidated Risk Profile as of December 2020 is 9.25%.